Answer All Questions

i- The function	
	(2) If $f(x) = x^2 - 3$, $g(x) = 3x + 1$ Find: i- (f)(2)
ii- Function range	ii- g(2)

iv- (fog)(2)	$(2)\lim_{x\to\infty} \frac{2x^5 + 3x^4 + 4}{5x^5 + 2x^3}$
B- Complete:	
i. $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ ii. If $g(x) = a$, (Where c is a constant) then; $\lim_{x \to c} g(x) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	
iii. A function of the form: $f(x)=a_{n}x^{n}+a_{n-1}x^{n-1}++a_{1}x+a.$ is called: of degree, (where $n \in \mathbb{R}$),	$x^{6}-64$
C- Find the following limits:	$(3) \lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^{3-64}}{x^{2-4}}$
(1) $\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^2 - 7x + 12}{x - 3}$	

$(4) \lim \frac{\sin 3x}{x}$	(2) Find the first derivative of the
$x \rightarrow x$	function $y = f(x) = x^2$, from the first
	principles.
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QUESTION TWO:	
A- (1) the average rate of change of	
the function $y = f(x)$, when x	
	B- (1) If $y = ax^2$, where a is a real
changes to $x + \Delta x$ is written as:	number, then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$
	dx
	(2) Find the first derivative of the
	following functions:
	$i - v = \frac{3x^2}{}$
	$i - y = \frac{3x^2}{x+1}$
	1 - V =
	1 - V =
	1 - V =
	1 - V = —
	1 - V = —
	1 - V = —

iii- $x^2 + y^2 = 4xy$ (2) $\int (x + 3)(2x)$	
$(2) \int (x+3)(2x+3)$	
	$(x-1) \cdot dx$
(3) Find the slope of the curve $y = x^2 - 3x + 1 \text{ at } (0, 1)$ (3) $\int (x^2 - \frac{1}{x^2})^{x^2} dx$	· dx
(4) ∫ cos2x. cos	x. dx

$(5) \qquad \int \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1} \cdot dx$	
D- (1) Calculate the distance between two points. A (4, 4), B (8, 2)	(4) Fine the angle θ between the two straight lines whose gradients are: $m_1 = -\frac{3}{5}, m_2 = \frac{1}{4}$
(2) The two lines whose slopes are m ₁ , m ₂ said to be parallel if:	QUESTION THREE: A- Define the following:
	(1) Statistics:
(3) Fine the equation of the straight line which is parallel to the line whose gradient is -2 and passes through the original point.	(2) Mode:

(3) Median:							
B- (1) calculate the mode and the median from the following measurements: 3, 7,9,7,8,6,7,9 I- The mode	C	-(1)	Define	mean	deviat	ion	
	_						
			om the elow:	freque	ncy dis	stributi	on
ii- the median			ı	1		1	
	f	0- 5	6	20-	30-	6	50-
	Fi	nd th	ne follo	owing:	1	1	.
	i-	Clas	s interv	val:			
C- (1) Define arithmetic mean	_						
	_						
(2) The mean age of 5 men is 76. If 4 of them are: 72, 76, 75, 81 years old.	_ _ _						
Find the age of the fifth man.	ii-	- Fred	quency	of the	fourth	class:	

iii) Calculate the mean deviation	ii- Sample space:
	iii- Disjoint events
	B- In an experiment of tossing a coin twice and the scores appeared on the upper face were recorded. Write down
	(i) Sample Space (S)
QUESTION FOUR:	
A- Define the following: - Random experiment:	(ii) Event that head only appeared on the upper face

	the probability that the ball drawn is?
(iii) The event that tail appeared on the upper face at most	(i) White
)
C- If A, B are two events in random experiment. Express using set symbols the following:	(ii) Red
(i) The event of occurrence of A and not B	
(ii) The event of occurrence of A only	(iii) Not yellow
(iii) The event of occurrence of both	
(iv) The event that neither A nor B occurs	(iv) White or Red
D- (1) A box contains 4 white balls, 8	
red balls, 3 yellow balls. One ball was	

(2) If $A = \{1, 3, 6\}$, $B = \{1, 6, 8, 9\}$, find the following			
(i) A' =	QUESTION FIVE:		
	A-Define the following: (1) Zero matrix:		
(ii) B' =			
	(2) Square matrix:		
(iii) (A ∩ B) ′ =			
	B- From the two matrices:		
(iv) A' U B'=	$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 13 & 10 \end{pmatrix}, B = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 2 & 1 \\ 4 & 7 & 6 \\ 13 & 9 & 12 \end{pmatrix}$		
	Find: (1) The dimension of B ———————————————————————————————————		

(2) The elements: (i) b ₂₁ :	(2) From the two matrices above. Calculate A × B.
(3) 2A+B.	
C-(1) Find the transpose for each of the following matrices.	
$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & -9 & 6 \end{pmatrix}, B = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \\ -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	D- (1) Find the values of x, y, and z if: $ \begin{pmatrix} 2x - 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 \\ 7 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ y & 3z - 6 \\ 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} $
B =	

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(2) Find the matrix X which satisfies	
the following equation:	
(2 1) (2 E)	
$X = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 4 & 6 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	
1 \ 4 \ 6 \ \ \ \ \ 0 \ 1 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
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